



Australian Government

Geoscience Australia

Geoscience Australia Support for the International Forest Carbon Initiative (IFCI)

Medhavy Thankappan

National Earth Observation Group

Geoscience Australia

E-mail: Medhavy.Thankappan@ga.gov.au

GEOSCIENCE AUSTRALIA

Geoscience Australia

- Canberra
- Remote sensing
- National mapping
- Advice to government – energy and resources security
- Off-shore marine survey
- Others ...



National Earth Observation Group (previously ACRES)

- National Earth Observation Group (NEO)
- Increased focus on scientific use of the data
- Tighter links within Australian government applications
- Reduced role as a 'data retailer'

IFCI Project Overview

The \$200 million International Forest Carbon Initiative (IFCI) is a key part of Australia's Contribution to REDD (Reducing Emissions from Deforestation and forest Degradation), a proposed key component of post 2012 global climate change framework. Supply and management of satellite data over SE Asia is a part of the IFCI project.

IFCI SE Asia Data Project Details

- Purpose: Department of Climate Change (DCC) funded project to support implementation of Global Carbon Monitoring System (GCAS) in SE Asia
- Duration: Feb 2009 - Dec 2010
- Scope: identify, source, purchase and manage EO data over SE Asia, and provide associated scientific / technical advice

IFCI partners #1

- Australian government
 - AusAID
 - Department of Climate Change
 - CSIRO
 - Geoscience Australia
- Clinton Foundation (USA)

IFCI partners #2

- Indonesian government
 - LAPAN
 - Ministry of Forests
 - BAKOSURTANAL
- Papua New Guinea government
- Data suppliers and supporters of REDD/GEOSS
 - GEO
 - CEOS
 - JAXA
 - GISTDA

IFCI / NCAS Approach

- Compares inter-annual and inter-decadal changes in land cover
- Relates this to changes in carbon emission
- Key input is consistently processed Landsat data covering entire countries on annual basis
- Initial emphasis 1997-2008, then 1990-1996
- Coverage gaps in optical data likely to be supplemented by PALSAR and other data

GA Role in IFCI

Negotiation with IGS

- access, pricing, use conditions

Inventory / data acquisition

- metadata, ordering

Data management

- QA, archive, distribute

Technical / scientific support

- workshops, application development

Negotiation with IGS

Achievements:

- Acquired the GLS 2000 data and associated GCP data from the USGS
- Access to GISTDA metadata and browse over Cambodia/Indonesia/Singapore courtesy GISTDA
- Meeting with GISTDA discussed data supply terms, formal agreement being finalised
- Acquired USGS metadata and browse over Indonesia/PNG
- Published GA metadata archive over Indonesia/PNG

Inventory / Data Acquisition

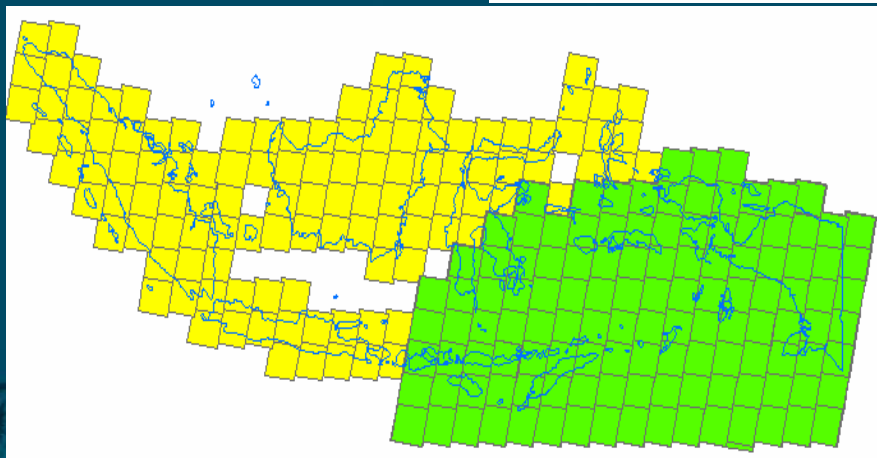
Achievements:

- Procured L5/L7 browse from IGS archives for 99 to 132, Rows 49 to 69 over potential targets countries using the inventory web service – 153,332 scenes (1997-2008)
- GLS2000 data (713 path + ortho) and GCP chips (110,183) acquired from USGS
- Extraction of 1990-1996 GA and USGS metadata over PNG / Solomon Islands completed
- Procured PALSAR L0 data over AOI

GA Landsat data over Indonesia (1997 – 2008)

Browse / metadata provided to support DCC / CSIRO workshop in Jakarta (**green text in Table**).

Pre-2000 browse / metadata (1997,1998 and 1999 TM and 1999 ETM+) delivered (**purple text in Table**).



Acquisition year	Available scenes	
	TM	ETM+
1997	1940	NA
1998	2124	NA
1999	1914	886
2000	34	2059
2001	No data	2171
2002	No data	2245
2003	1225	1722
2004	2271	2098
2005	2075	2147
2006	2186	2140
2007	1911	2117
2008	2425	2097
TOTAL (available scenes)	18,105	19,682

Status of Metadata Procurement

GA (2000 – 2008)	USGS (1997 – 2008)	GISTDA (1997 – 2008)
37,787 supplied to CSIRO +	15,481 subset over AOI supplied to CSIRO +	55,794 subset over AOI supplied to CSIRO
7,153 (over PNG) to be supplied to CSIRO	37,117 to be supplied to CSIRO	
TOTAL: 153,332		

Inventory / Data Acquisition

Challenges:

- **USGS inventory web service query returns no TM browse images 1997 to 2002**
- **GA archive has a data gap for TM 2001 and 2002 (stopped TM acquisition)**
- **Gap filling strategy ?**

S.E. ASIA PROJECT AREA

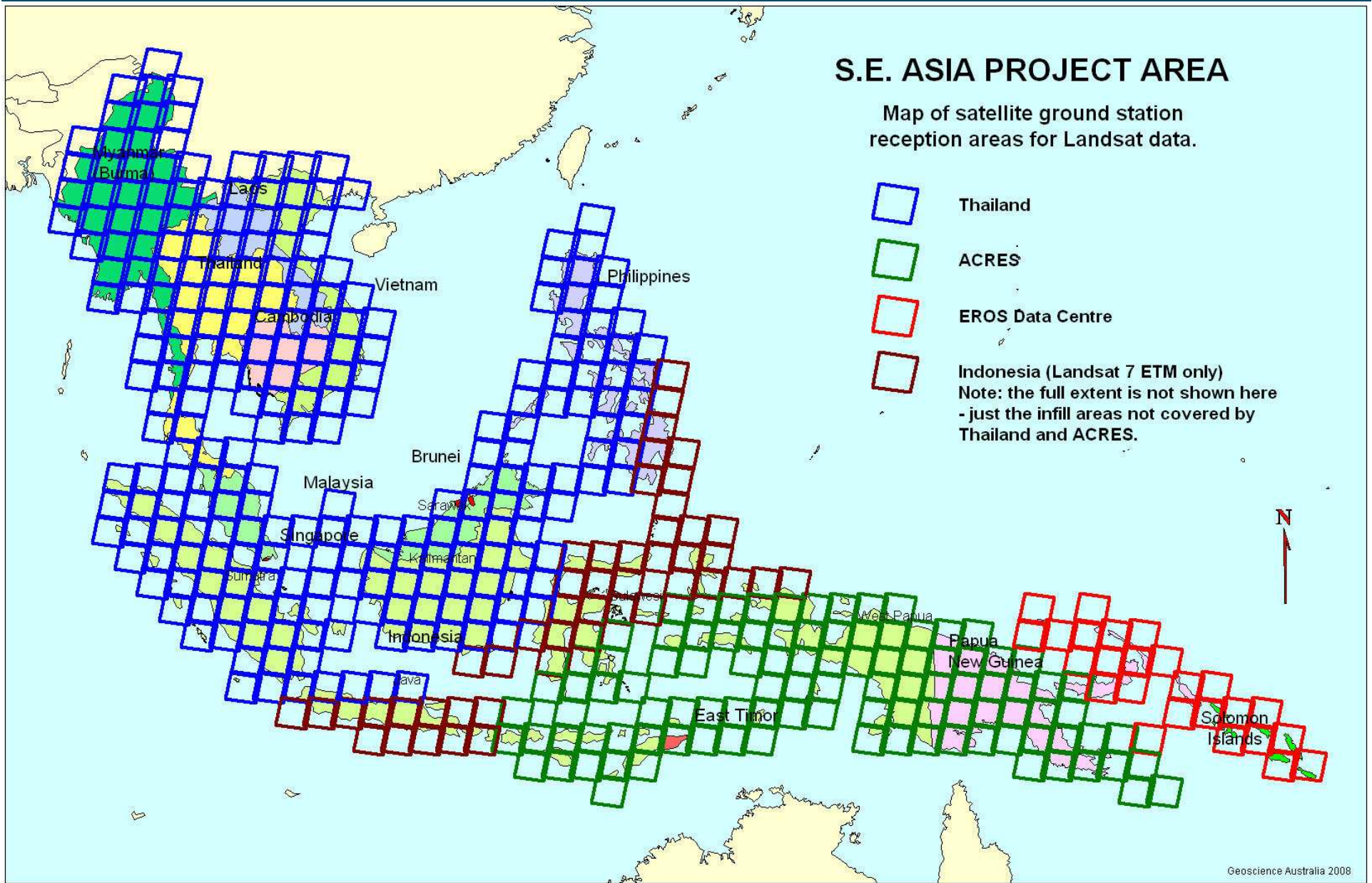
Map of satellite ground station reception areas for Landsat data.

 Thailand

 ACRES

 EROS Data Centre

 Indonesia (Landsat 7 ETM only)
Note: the full extent is not shown here
- just the infill areas not covered by
Thailand and ACRES.

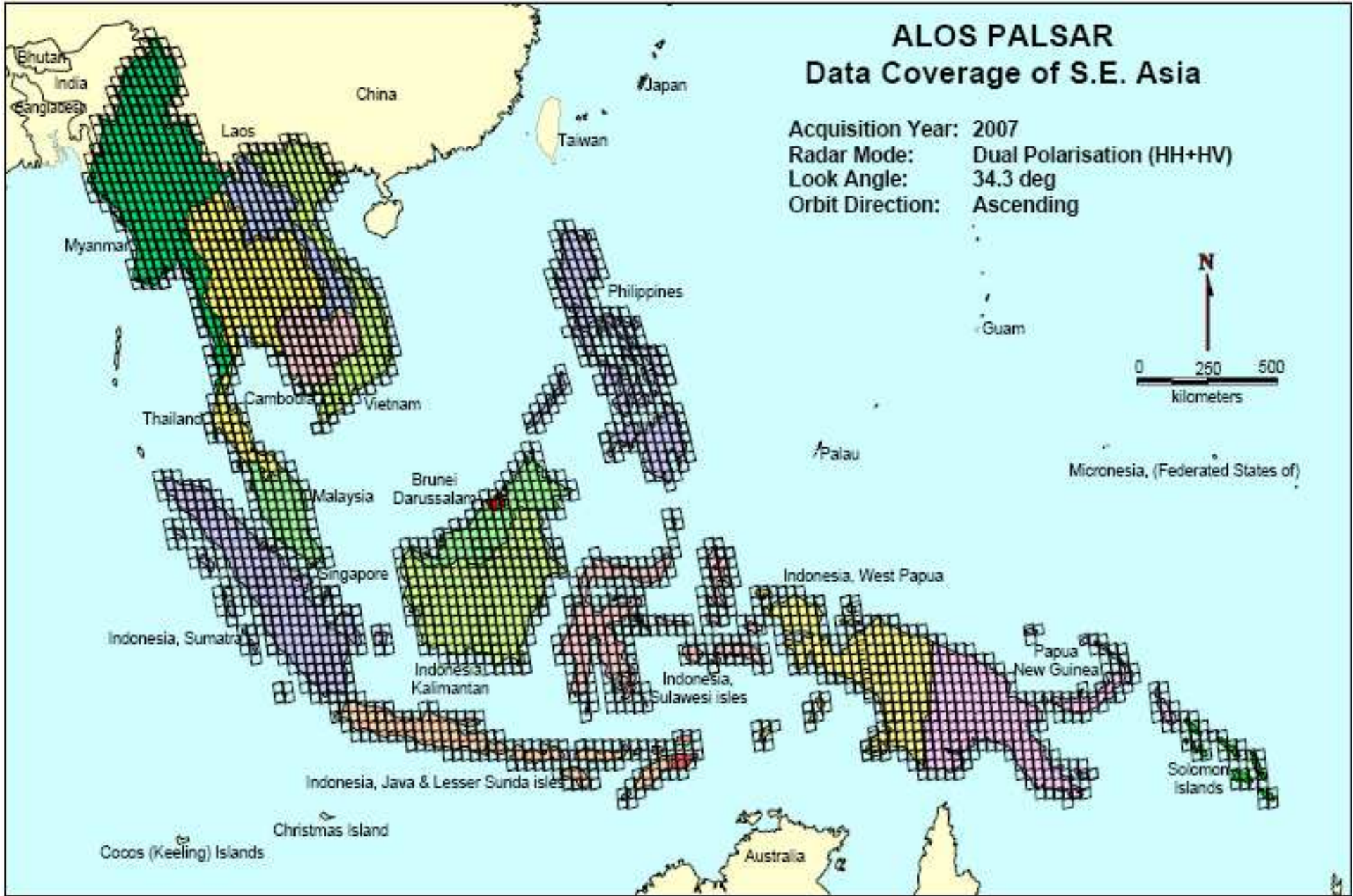


Geoscience Australia 2008

GEOSCIENCE AUSTRALIA

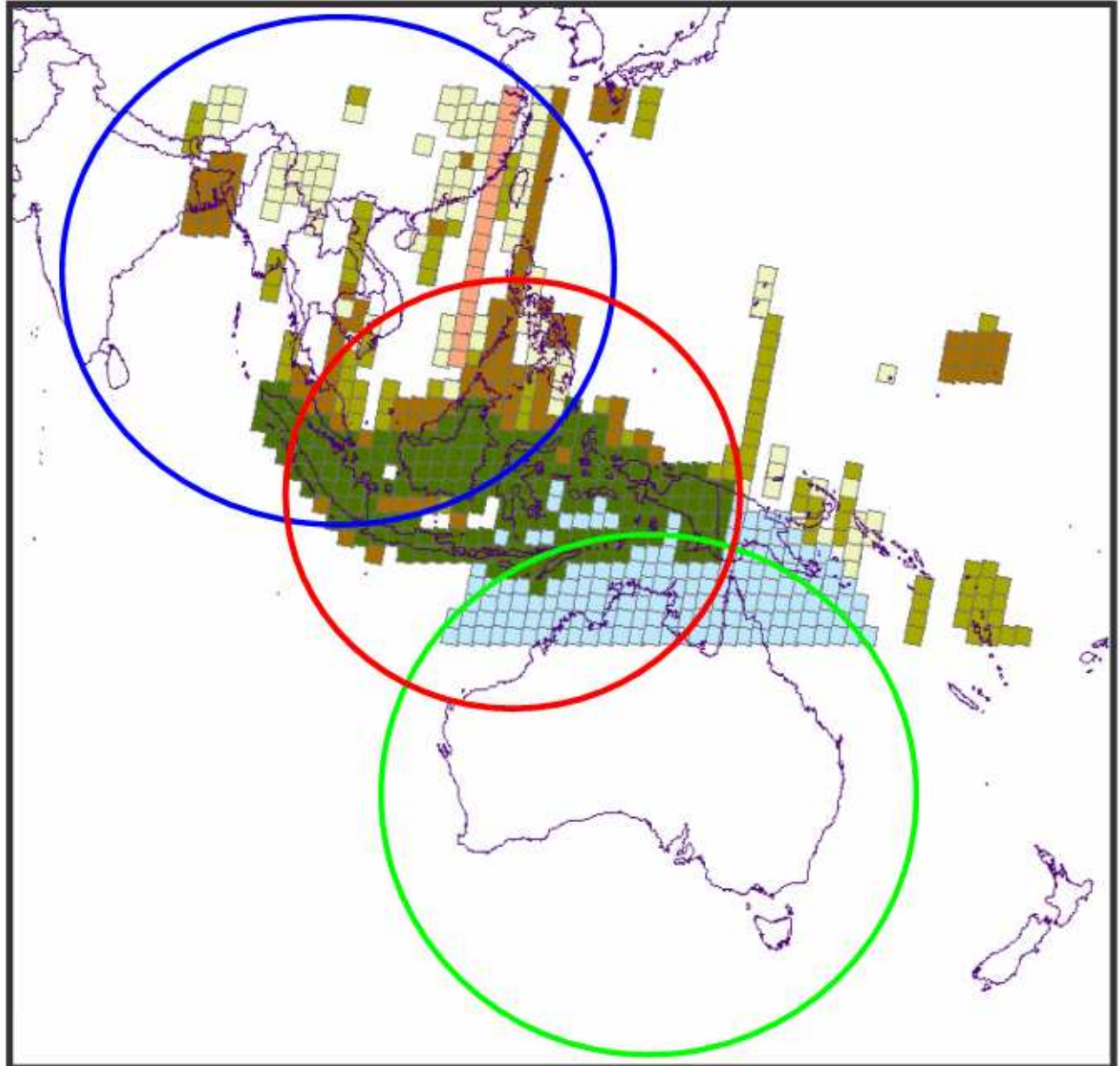
ALOS PALSAR Data Coverage of S.E. Asia

Acquisition Year: 2007
Radar Mode: Dual Polarisation (HH+HV)
Look Angle: 34.3 deg
Orbit Direction: Ascending



Acquisition Areas by GA LAPAN GISTDA

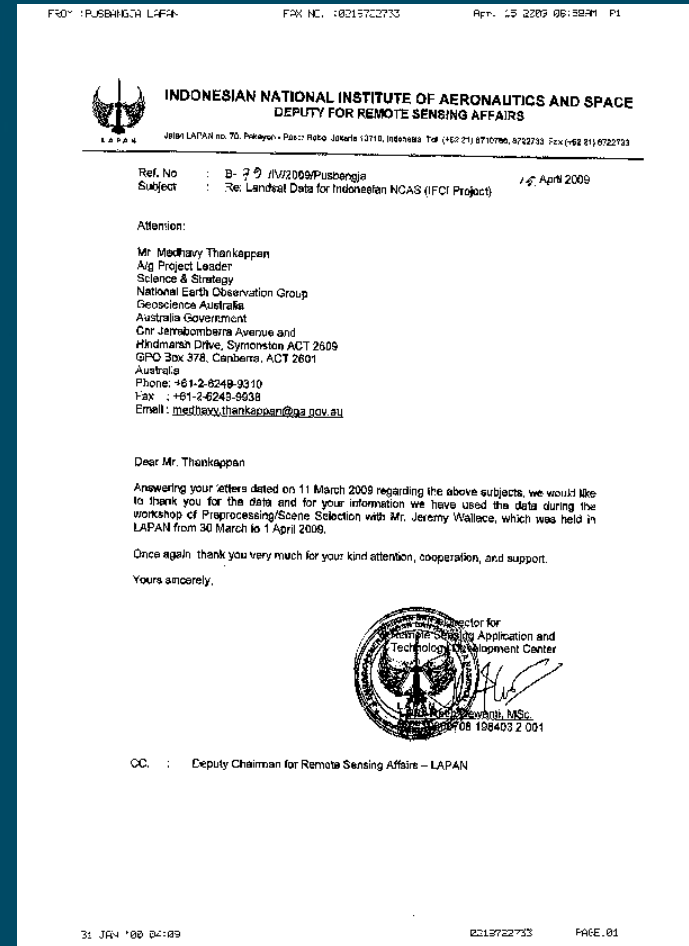
- Layers
- Countries_Global
- TMCYCLE_region
- Landsat_Path_Row_Indonesia_EastTimor
- GA Acquisition Circle
- GISTDA Acquisition Circle
- LAPAN Acquisition Circle
- Landsat_Path_Row_Indonesia_EastTimor
- 2003 TM GA archive
- 2003 TM USGS archive
- 2004 TM USGS archive
- 1993 TM USGS archive
- 1991 TM USGS archive
- 1990 TM USGS archive



Data Management

Achievements:

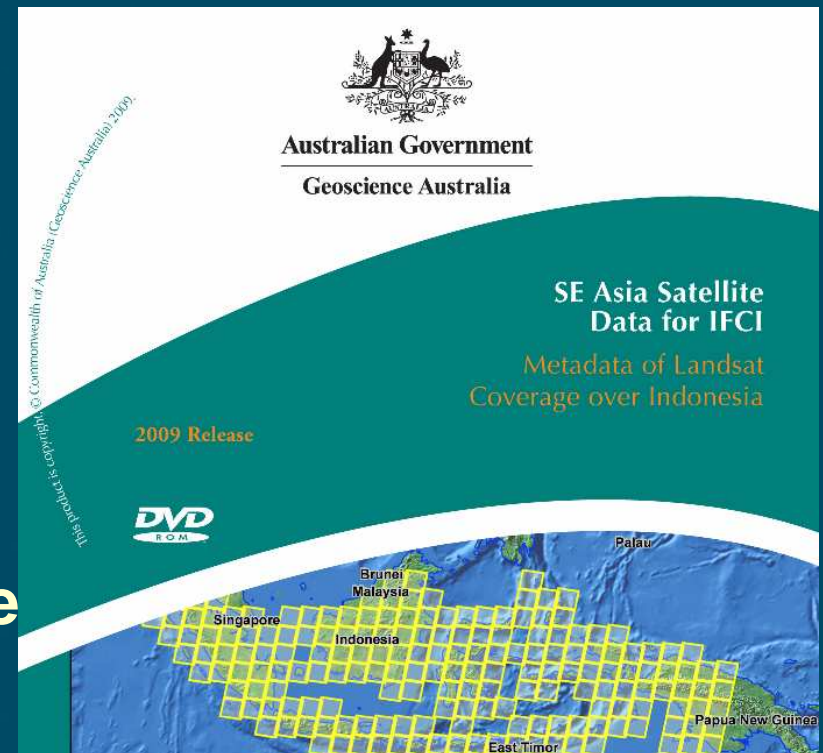
- Creative Commons Licence developed for GA/USGS products
- GLS 2000 coverage [315 ortho and 398 path] delivered to LAPAN, Bakosurtanal, CSIRO
- 44 GLS 2000 ortho scenes delivered to Bakosurtanal and CSIRO (training w/shop)
- Fourth order from CSIRO received data supplied to LAPAN w/shop



Technical / Scientific Support

Achievements:

- Methodology for creating consistent metadata (from different IGS) for input to GIS
- Automated search and extraction of browse and metadata from GA and USGS archives
- Scripts for GIS-enabled browse generation from IGS metadata
- QA process identified and corrected anomalies in GLS 2000 GCP chips



Future Opportunities

- **Upcoming national coverages**
 - Cambodia, Tanzania, PNG, Solomon Islands
- **Automatic cloud cover assessment**
- **SAR related tasks**

Thank you

Questions?

